NICER User's Group Feb 2023

MOC

HER

Neutron star Interior Composition ExploreR

NICER Software & Calibration Update Craig Markwardt (NASA/GSFC) on behalf of NICER Team



- Calibration updates
 - Background models now included
 - Jeremy Hare joins NICER team as calibration scientist
- Software updates
 - Background modeling software included
 - New end-to-end spectral and light curve extraction tools
 - Discussion of "Noise Ringers"
- Documentation Updates



- Overall, the NICER calibration is extremely steady
 - Higher leakage currents experienced by some detectors lead to more undershoots and noise, but these are are calibrated
 - Electronic noise increasing at <0.1 eV/year!</p>
 - Some small long-term energy scale drifts which team is monitoring (eV level)
 - Team has monitored soft sources for evidence of contamination build-up – none detected to date

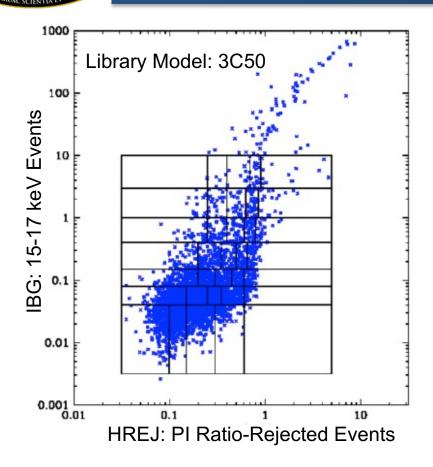


- Most recent release was xte20221001 (released with NICERDAS 10 in November 2022)
 - Background models are included in CALDB (3C50, Space Weather, SCORPEON)
 - Systematic error vector now included in CALDB
 - Known "bad times" recorded
 - Energy scale "optmv13" mostly affects >8 keV



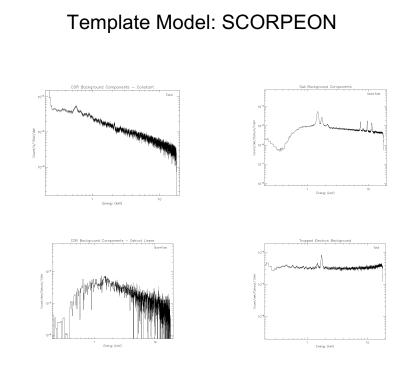
- Background models are now included in NICERDAS
 - SCORPEON (New)
 - 3C50
 - Space Weather
- All needed files are in CALDB
 - The behavior and results of 3C50 / Space
 Weather models is unchanged, just encapsulated
 in FTOOL format for NICERDAS
 - Users can decide when / how to migrate from standalone tools

Library Models vs Template Models

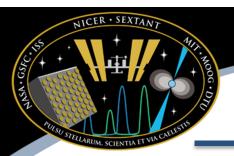


ASA + GSF

- Break parameter space into cells, measure background in each shell (library of spectra)
- Application: calculate exposure in each shell, make weighted sum of library spectra

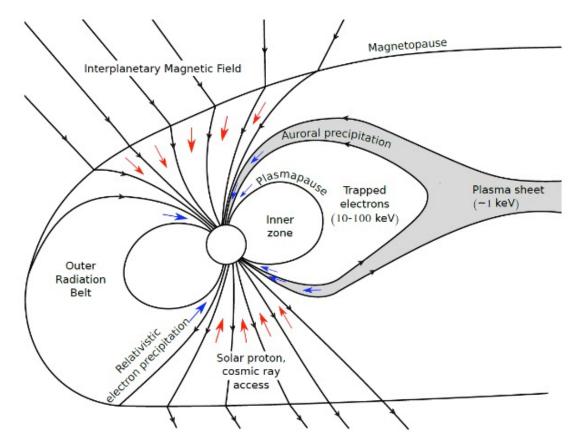


- Measure "basis vector" of each unique component
 - Make smoothed version of template as XSPEC model
- Normalized based on known telemetry (overshoots, etc)
- Application: predict norms from telemetry & load into XSPEC

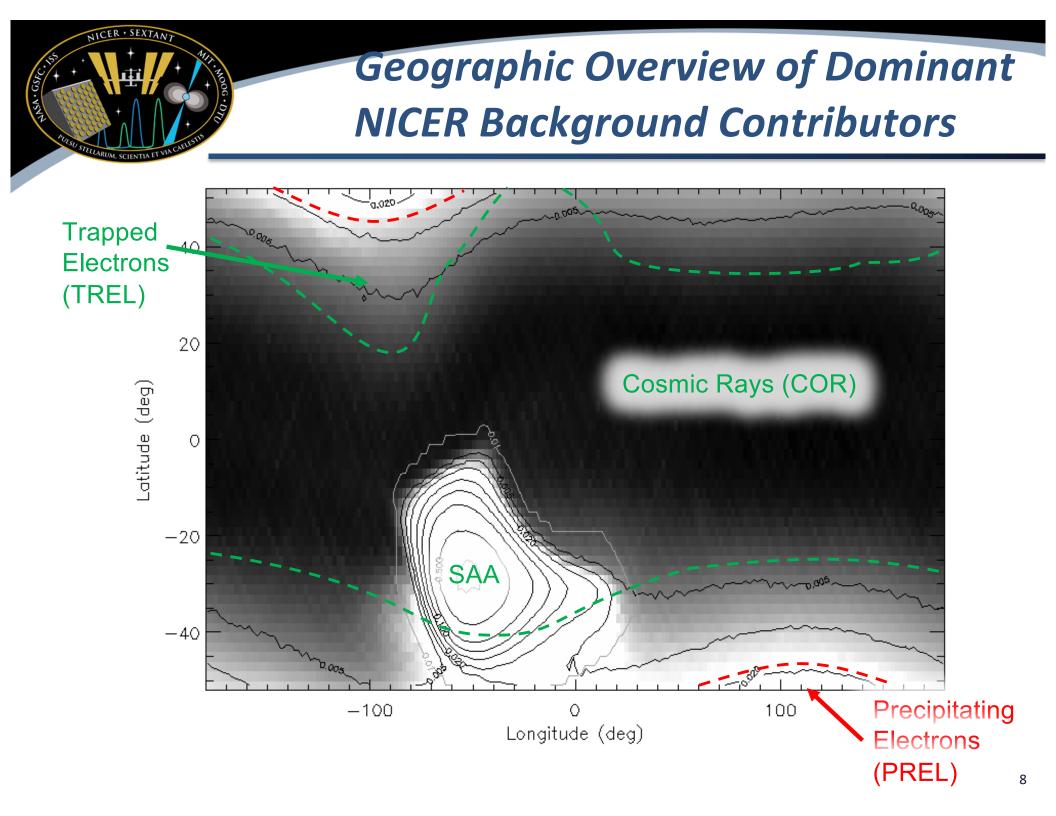


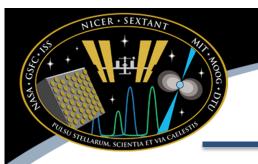
SCORPEON Background Modeling

- SCORPEON Model
- Major goals
 - Break down background into physicallymotivated components
 - Separate "data modes" (slow-only, slow+fast event types), and both
 - Assume that these components can be modeled with simple spectral models so they are easy to implement



Thorne et al 1980 Tyssoy presentation

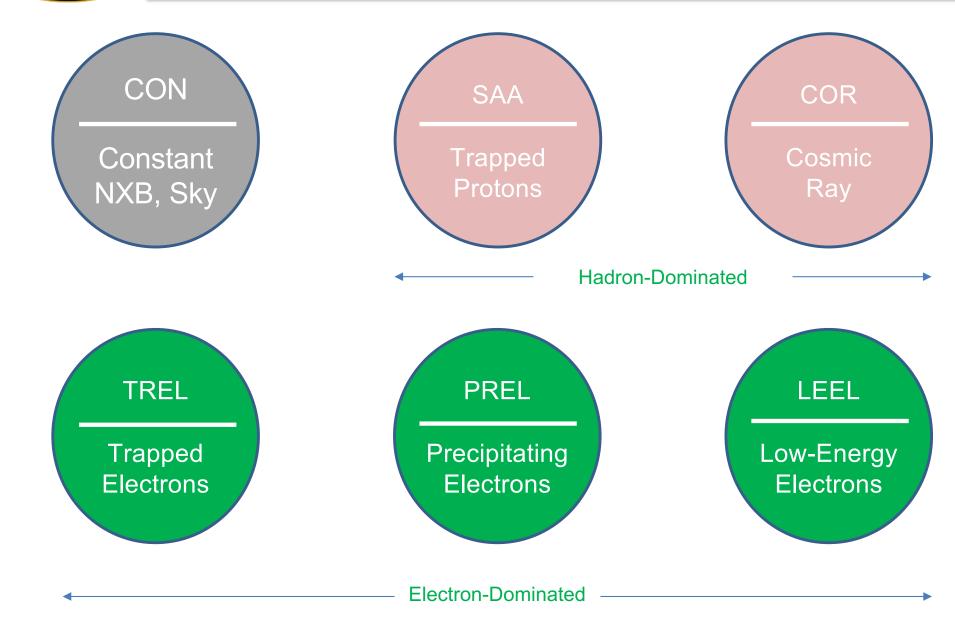




SCORPEON Name

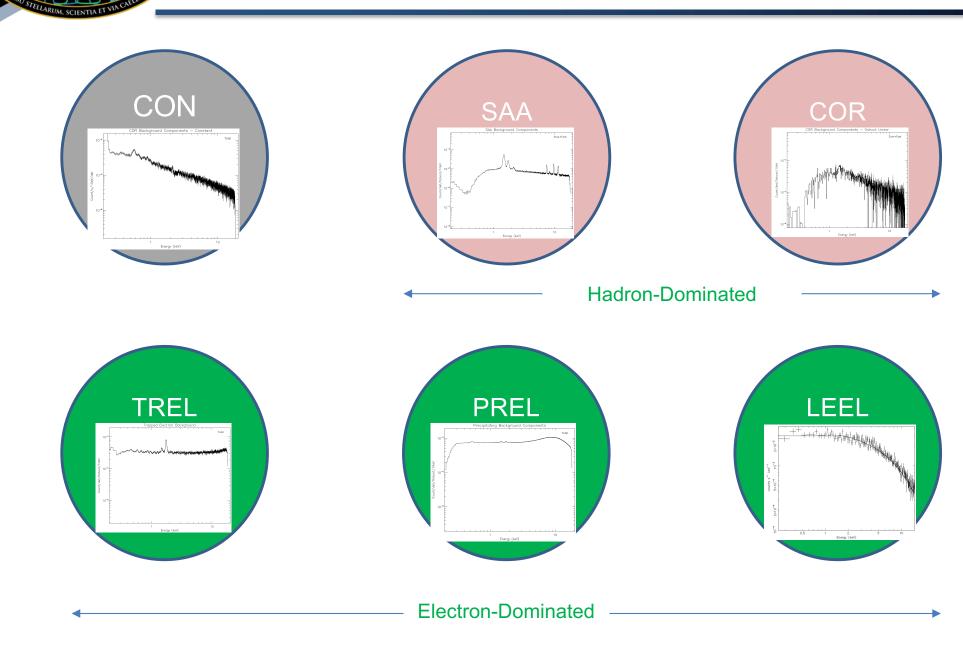
- S COR PE O N
 - S = **SAA**
 - COR = COsmic-Ray (COR_SAX)
 - PE = Precipitating & trapped Electrons
 - Precipitating electron population (PREL)
 - Trapped electron population (TREL)
 - Low energy electrons (LEEL) solar storms
 - O = cOnstant
 - Astrophysical: CXB + Halo + LHB + SWCX
 - Non-varying Non-X-ray background
 - N = Noise peak (not dealt with here)

SCORPEON Background Components



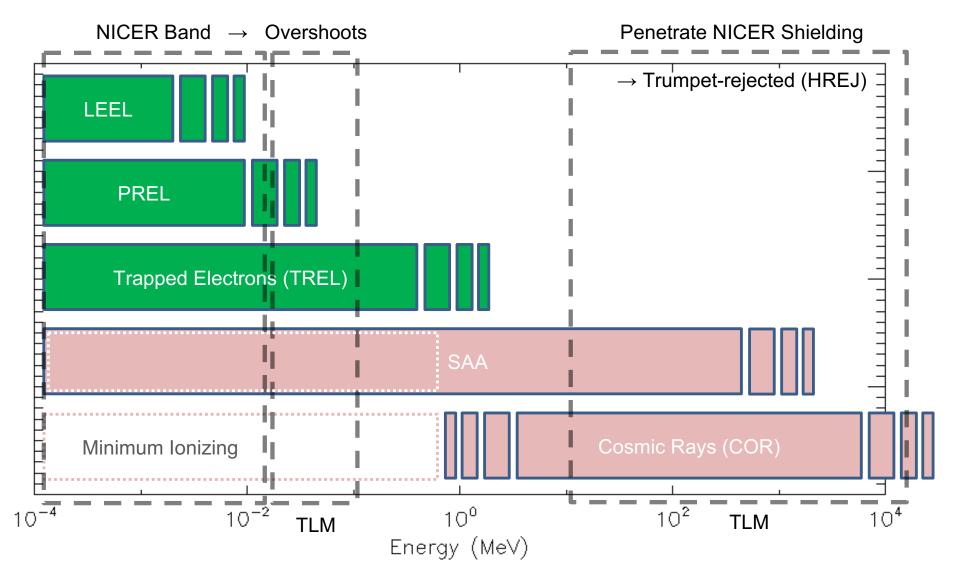
ER + SEXTAN

SCORPEON Background Components

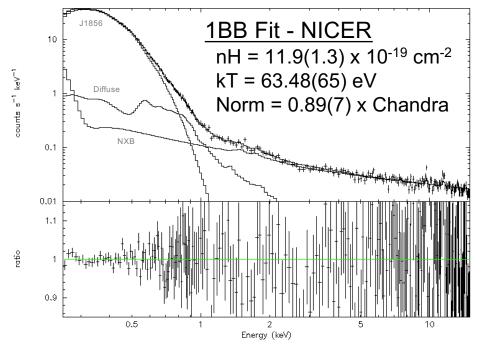


CER + SEXTANT

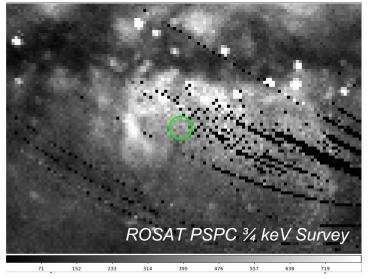






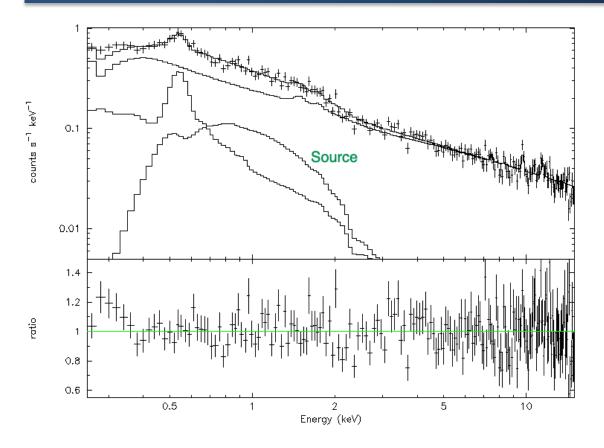






- New analysis of existing J1856 data with new tools
 - Includes 1BB for J1856 and Galactic Bulge, CXB, Local Hot Bubble, Galactic Halo, and other NXB components
 - NICER statistical error bars are ~1%
- J1856 parameters are coupled with background parameters but are reasonable overall; no evidence of ~1 keV excess

Faint Source Modeling



NICER helpdesk question

+ SEXTAN

ANSA · GSFC

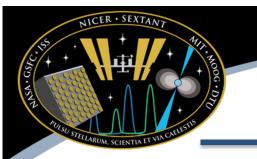
• Flux 1-sigma range is 0.87 – 1.15 x 10⁻¹³ erg/s/cm2



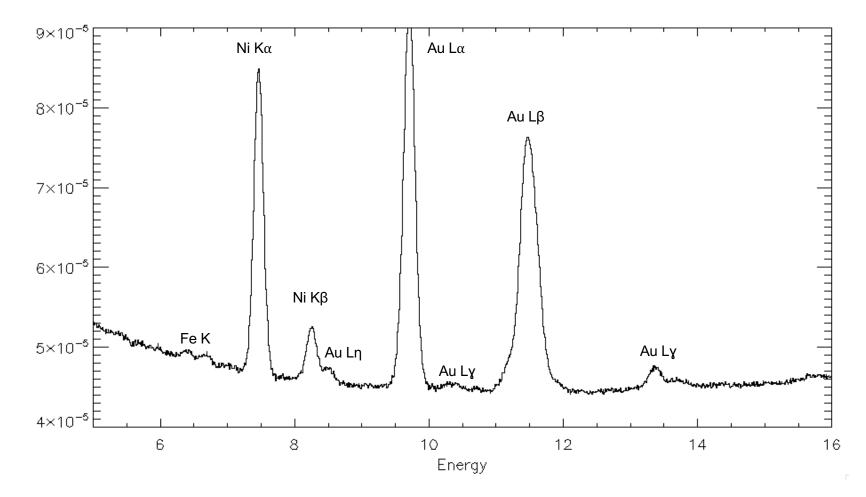
- New and existing background tools as a part of NICERDAS
- Major streamlining and ease of use improvement, especially for new users (no extra downloads)
- SCORPEON provides exciting new capability, especially for faint sources



- New energy scale released in November
- "Minor" changes below 8 keV
 - More major changes above 8 keV
- No real lines above 8 keV, but continuum is also affected by energy scale
 - Source modeling
 - Background



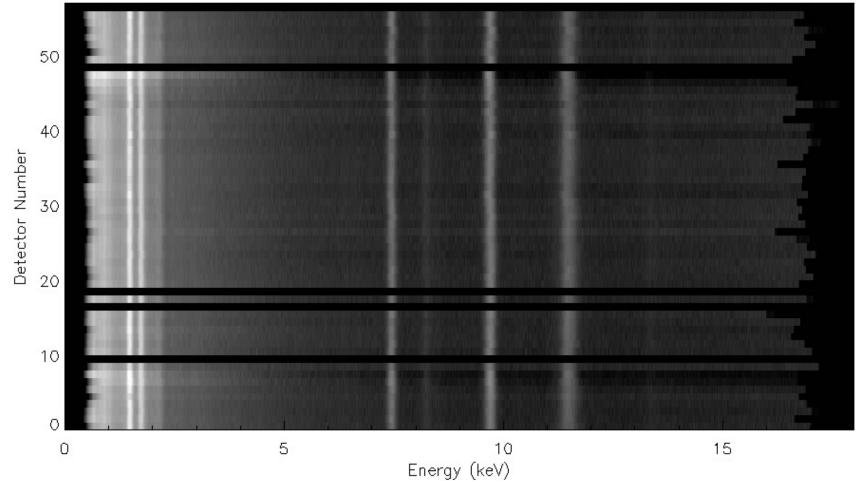
SAA Lines Used for optmv13



• Each line is actually a complex of several lines

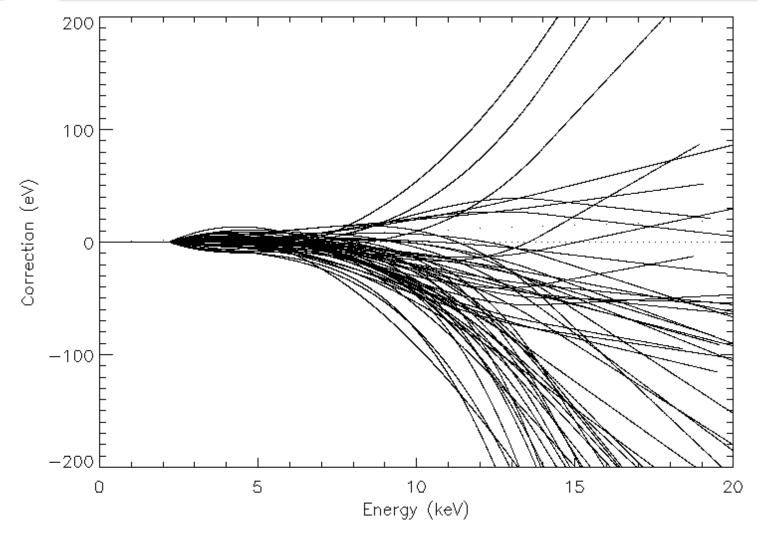


Stack of All 52 Detectors (optmv12)



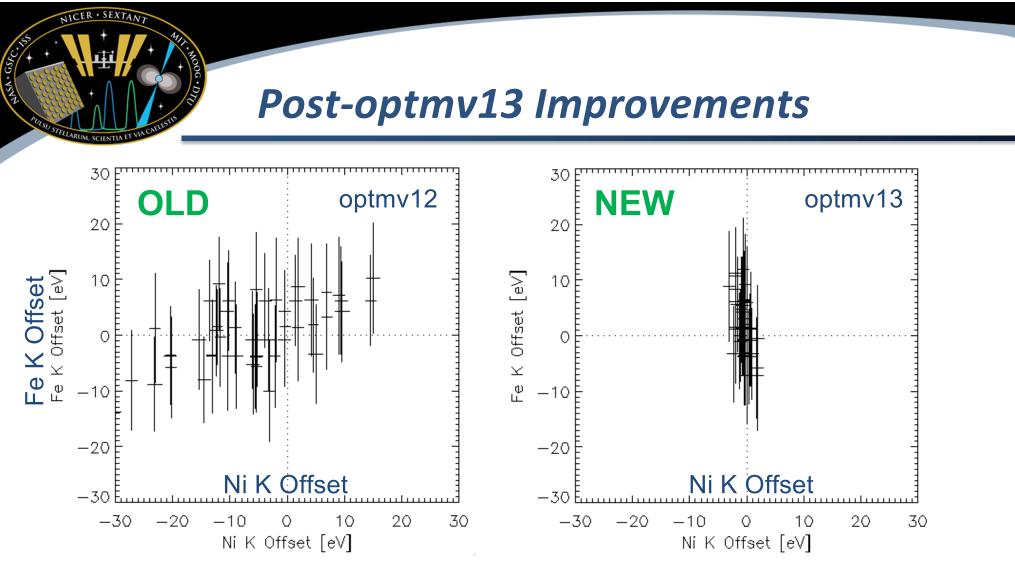
- All lines from 1.4 13.5 keV are visible
- Clear jitter in lines 7.5 keV and above

Per-detector energy scale changes



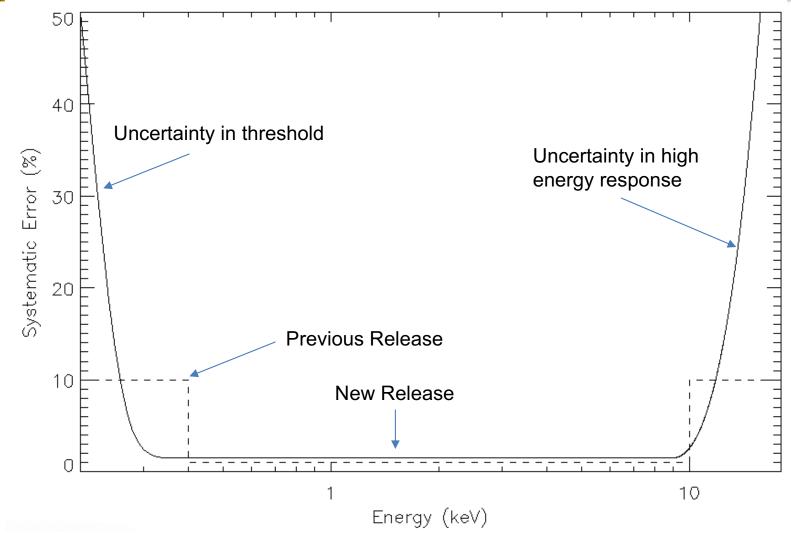
~10 eV (2-7 keV); up to 300 eV at high energies
 — No correction by construction below 2.2 keV

JASA · GSF



- Old Gain: Fe K (σ = 5.41 eV); Ni K (σ = 11.00 eV)
- New Gain: Fe K (σ = 4.65 eV); Ni K (σ = 0.98 eV)
- RMS improvements: Fe K (2.75 eV); Ni K (10.95 eV)
- Fe K is near statistical limit

Systematic Error Vector



Recommended systematic error vector

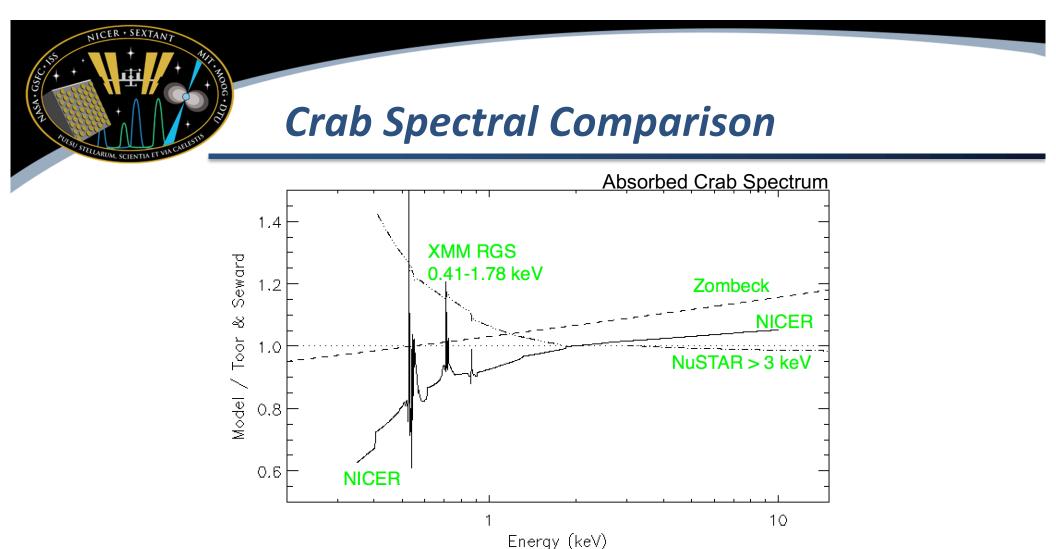
+ SEXTAN

ASA · GSF

Applied automatically by new pipeline

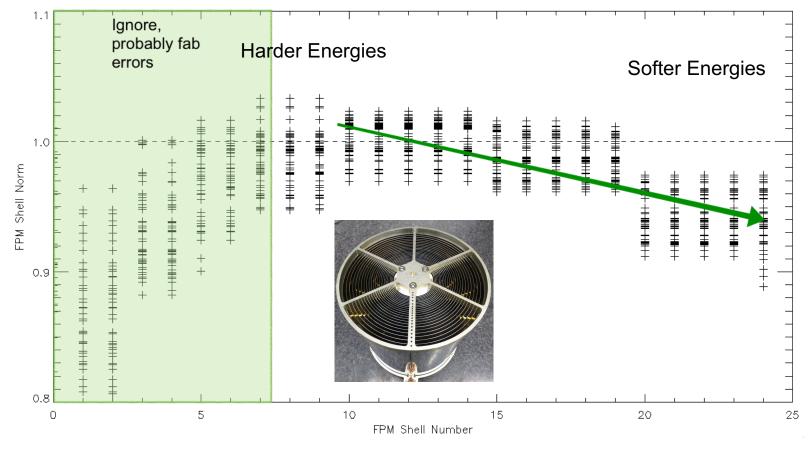


- NICER Calibration is in good shape overall
 - NICER team is monitoring very weak calibration drifts over years
- Previous NUG issues being addressed
 - Still some nagging questions about spectral shape (next slide) and overall cross-calibration normalizations
 - NICER has a lot of cross-calibration observations "in the can"
 - Jeremy Hare has joined us (Fall 2022, 50% level) and is working on cross-calibration observations
 - Jeremy is working with other IACHEC members and is planning to lead next cross-cal paper
 - First cross-cal project is 3C 273, work in progress (NICER + Chandra + XMM + Swift)



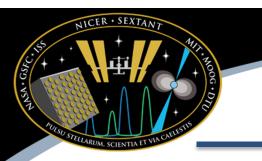
- Basis of comparison is Toor & Seward (1978) result, extended to lower energies
- NICER agrees with NuSTAR to with ~5%
- Very significant differences between XMM RGS (Kaastra et al. 2009) and NICER
 - These are primarily driven by minor differences in absorption and dust scattering which lead to large apparent differences in flux

Possible Explanation in ARF Construction



- Per-shell norms show unphysical trend, too high in middle shells, too low at outer shells
- May be that Craig assumed the wrong "reference" spectrum for Crab in 2018
 - Shift in power law index of ~0.05 could resolve this

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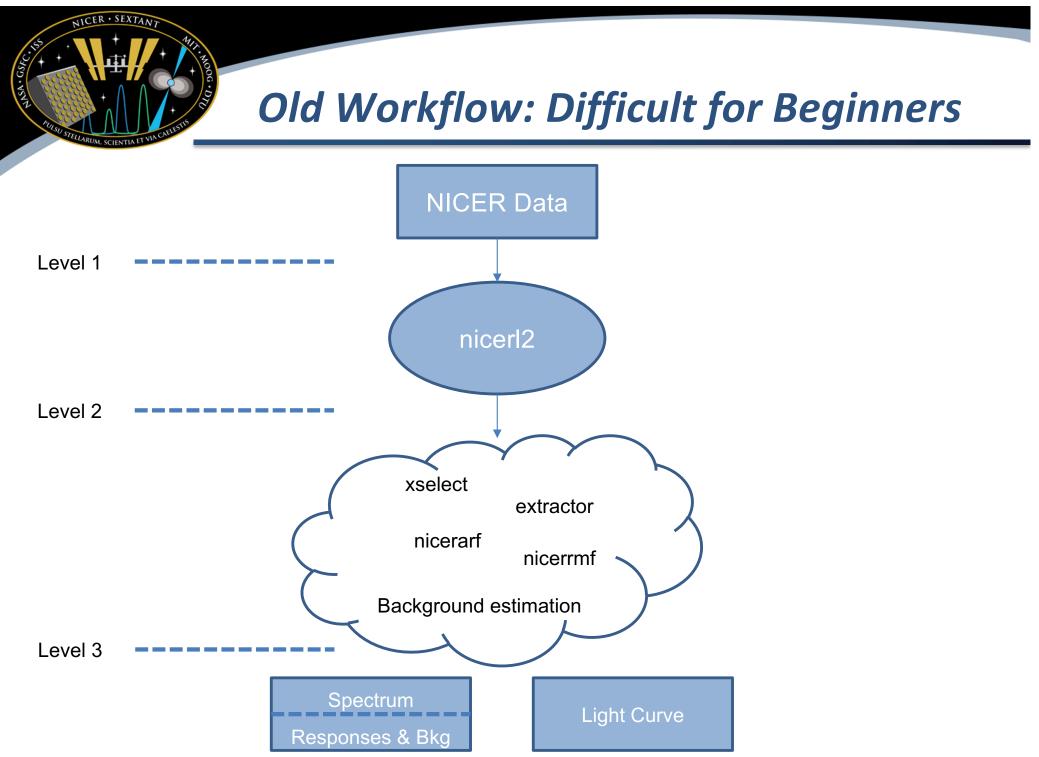


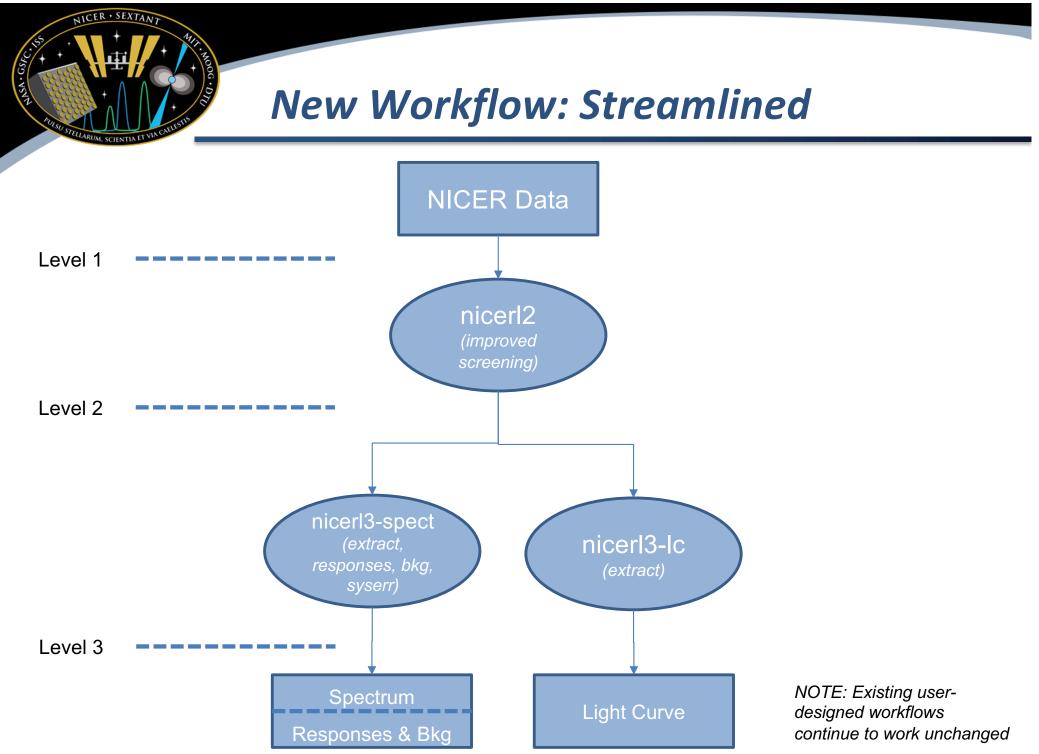
Calibration Release Roadmap

- Analysis is ongoing
 - Cross-calibration results available this spring
 - Re-analysis of the Crab
 - Slope change (~0.05 power law index)
 - Deadtime correction (~7% norm error)
 - Pulsed spectrum
- Anticipate next release in the Summer 2023
 - Both flux norm change, as well as spectral shape change
 - Will need to announce this in advance to give community a head's up
 - A way to select "old" versus "new" calibration??



- Major software release HEASoft 6.31 and NICERDAS 10
 - Patch release 6.31.1 is fairly vital and recommended for all users
- Major updates
 - Standard pipeline products for light curves and spectra, including responses, backgrounds, etc
 - Background modeling tools
 - Users required to download geomagnetic data
 - Automatic screening for detectors that are off / noisy / high overshoot / high undershoot / "shredded GTI" conditions

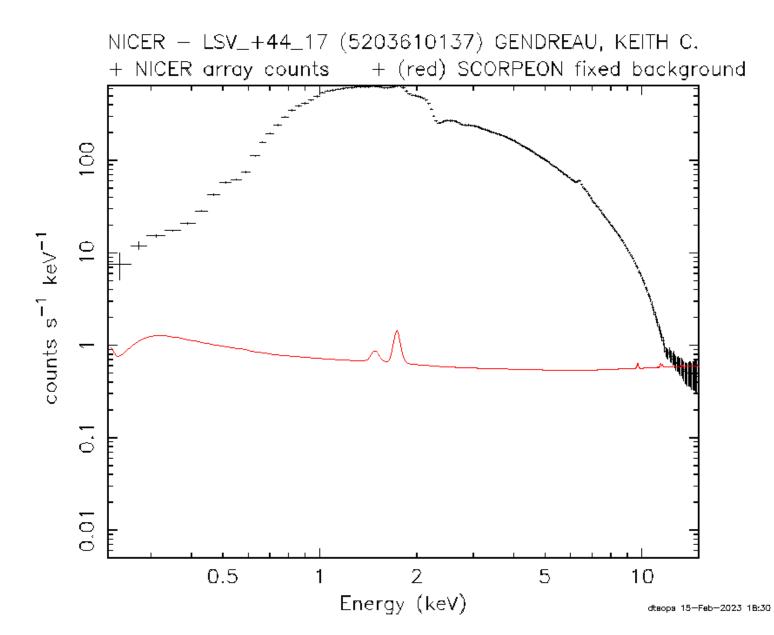






- nicerl3-spect and nicerl3-lc are standard spectrum and light curve product tools
 - Useful for beginners because most defaults are reasonable
 - Useful for advanced users seeking to streamline their process or take advantage of automatic screening or background modeling
 - Advanced users can choose background model etc.
 - PyXSPEC supported
- Both tools have similar parameters so learning curve is reduced
- Note that as of January 2023, the NICER pipeline is also creating standard products (and previews), and delivering to HEASARC



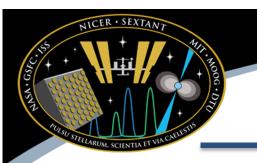




- Task 'niautoscreen' checks data for known problematic conditions
 - Detectors that have high noise
 - High under/overshoots
 - "Shredded GTI" (i.e. lost data for bright sources)
 - "Round Robbin" (i.e. MPU cycling detectors off during high count rate conditions)
- Automatically deselects such conditions
 - Criteria are user selectable
- Automatically reflected in FPM Selection data
 - ARF / RMF automatically calculated for correct number of "on" detectors
 - Background tools now also adjust for number of on detectors



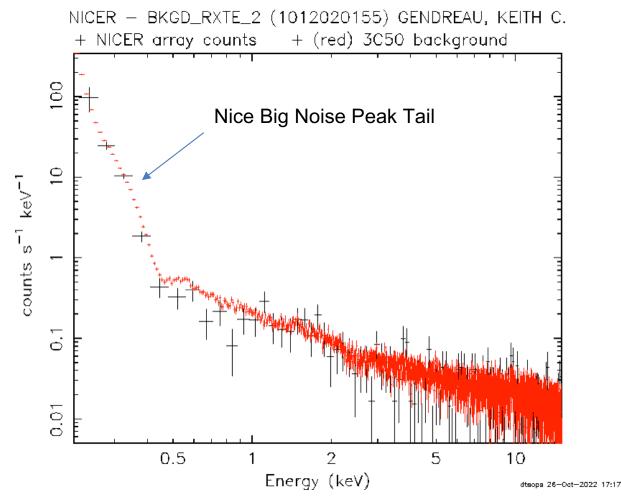
- Next NICERDAS Release
 - Either early April or late May
 - May need to be coordinated with other missions such as IXPE
- Not a major feature update, but significant improvements
 - Graphical report (HTML) indicating basic info about observation
 - SCORPEON background subtraction for light curves
 - Handling "noise ringers"



Noise Ringers

- NICER team has become newly aware of a phenomenon that can create low energy noise
- The phenomenon is now understood at a basic level (related to time since undershoot)
 - Occurs at high undershoots
 - Noise peak tail extending to 0.5 keV
 - Next software release can remove almost all of it

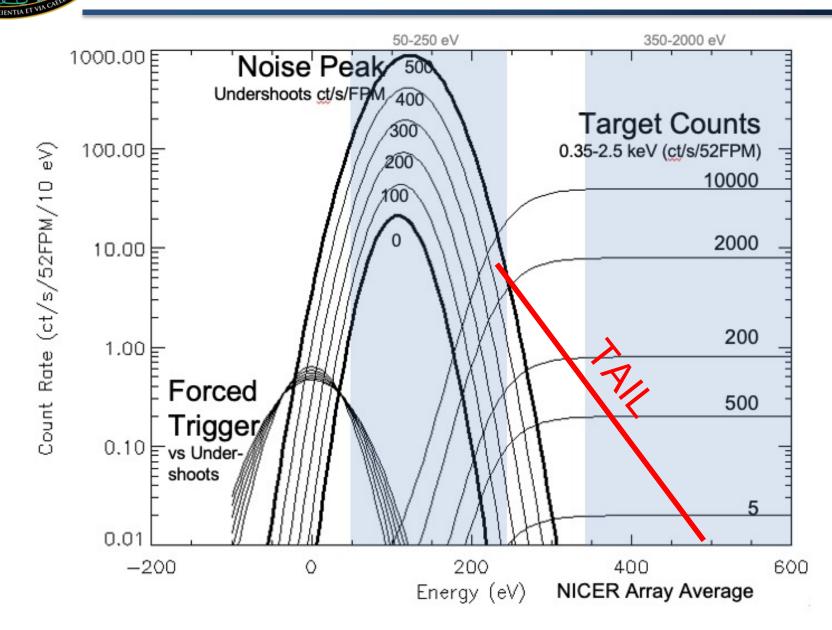


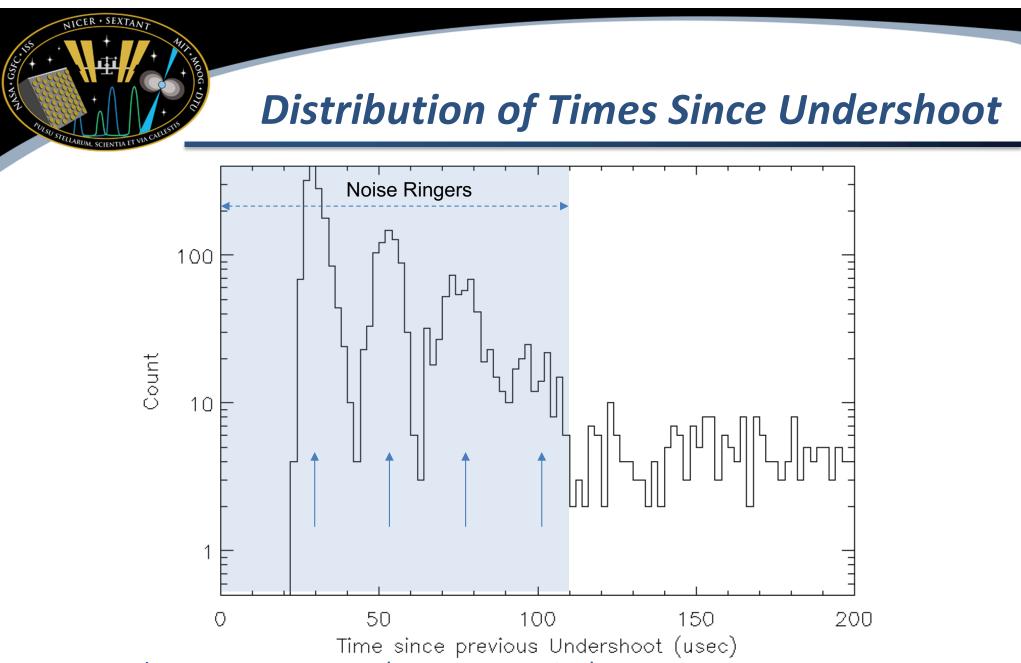


- Background data
- Mean undershoots ~310 ct/s, one detector ~1200 ct/s

Noise Peak versus Tail

ER + SEXTAN





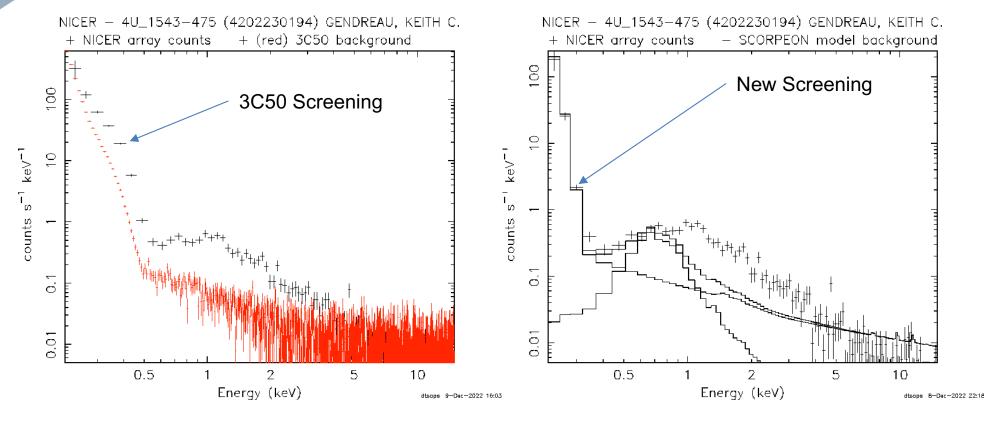
[•] Peaks at 30, 52, 78, 105 (~26 usec spacing)

- Detector ringing after an undershoot?
- 0-110 usec = "Noise Ringers"



- Next release will have an event flag ("near undershoot" i.e. within 110 usec)
- Default screening will remove
 - Events near undershoot IF
 - Undershoot rate > 100 ct/s/FPM





 Example: Using this filter removes all tail events, leaving pure gaussian noise peak



- Before the next release, the best advice is
 - Exclude data where undershoots > 100 ("underonly_range=0-100")



- NICER now has 39 analysis threads
 - Almost all updated since previous release
 - Some obsoleted as needed
 - Highlights
 - NICER calibration recommendations updated
 - New spectral analysis & light curve analysis threads
 - Reference information and tips for background modeling, including SCORPEON
- In addition, every calibration release is documented
- Roadmap
 - More SCORPEON documentation
 - More end-to-end walkthroughs
 - "Combining observations" is a popular request