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Suzaku view of Powerful Gamma-ray QSOs and TeV blazars



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Outline

Introduction to blazars

- Blazar Sequence
- underlying jet physics

Suzaku view – TeV blazars

- Mrk 421, 1ES1218++
- Physics of γ_{max}

Suzaku view – QHBs

- PKS1510, Swift J0746++
- Physics of γ_{min}

Strategies in Suzaku/GLAST era

- About future collaboration
- Non blazar-type objects





- Blazars: jet closely aligned to our line of sight
 - SL motion, one-sided jet $\Rightarrow \beta_{jet} \sim 0.99 c$ or $\Gamma_{jet} = 10$
- \blacksquare "Double peaks" over two decades in ν
 - Sync + Inv. Compton, but wide variety

 HBL, LBL, QHB
 - Most powerful objects peaks at lower v 👄 "Blazar Sequence"

Energy Dissipation in Blazar Region



- Rapid variability suggests: $R \sim c t_{var} \delta \sim 0.001 pc$
- Lack of shorter time (t_{var} <<1d) variabity: "Internal shock" (JK+ 01)
 Modulation of relativistic outflows faster shell catches up with the slower one at D ~ 10 Γ_{jet} ² R_g ~ 10³ R_g ~ 0.01 pc
 sub-pc jet (the first site of E-dissipation)

• "Jet power" & "external photons" control the blazar sequence

Jet Physics - HBL

JK+ 99, Sato+ 08



Highly correlated X-ray/TeV flares, suggesting same electrons are responsible for *both* X-ray (Sync) and TeV γ-rays (SSC) emissions.

Physics of "high-energy end": γ_{max}

• $\mathbf{t_{acc}} \propto \gamma$, $\mathbf{t_{cool}} \propto 1/\gamma \Rightarrow t_{acc} (\gamma_{max}) = t_{cool} (\gamma_{max})$

Parameters in sub-pc scale jet : B, R, δ ++

Jet Physics - QHB

Wagner+ 95



- Correlated flares, but in optical and GeV γ -rays
- Physics of "low-energy end": γ_{min}
 - Jet power carried by low-E electrons: $\gamma \sim \gamma_{min}$
 - Intrinsic e- spectrum
 - Particle content (Faraday depol., BC ++)

X-rays are only tool to measure γ_{min}

Suzaku View of HBL: Mrk 421

Takahashi + 08, Ushio+ 08



Observed in Apr 2006 for a ~ 1day by Suzaku

- Very bright phase, 1/3 of historical flare in 2001-02 (e.g., Cui 2004).
- X-ray spectrum gradually curves toward high energies:
 - $\Gamma_1 \sim 1.9$ (E<3 keV), $\Gamma_2 \sim 2.2$ (3<E<18 keV), $\Gamma_3 \sim 3.0$ (E>18 keV)

Detection of Intra-day variability above 30 keV

Spectral evolution on ~ hour scale

Extremely low BGD of Suzaku enables *for the first time* to monitor spectral evolution on ~hr scale, up to 50 keV



see, M.Ushio's poster



Suzaku View of HBL1ES1218-304

Sato, JK+ 08



The first clear detection of <u>"hard-lag"</u>

Why Hard-Lag?



Qucick Overview of other HBLs

Sato+ 08, Kohmura+ 08



Many & many are in progress for TeV blazars ! (Takahashi+ 08, Sato+ 08, Ushio+ 08, Kohmura+ 08...)

Suzaku view of RBS 315 (Sambruna's talk)

Tavecchio+ 07



- A very distant QSO at z = 2.69
- Suzaku spectrum up to 50 keV (~ 200 keV @src frame)
- Two important discovery:
 - γ_{min} must be ~ 1 (c.f., VLBI results of 3C 279)
 - extremely hard PL (Γ = 1.2) → Ν(γ) ∝ γ^{-1.4}

Suzaku view of Swift J0746 (z=2.98)

Watanabe+ 08



More distant "MeV Blazar" discovered by Swift (Sambruna+ 06).

- HXD/PIN detection up to ~ 30 keV (~ 120 keV in the src frame) though a fator of ~3 fainter than in the Swift/BAT exposure.
- An extremely hard PL with no sign of low-E cutoff; $\Gamma \approx 1.15$.

Why the electron spectrum being



so "hard "?

e.g., Sikora+ 02

• Electron Gyro-radius is $R_g = \gamma mc^2/eB \propto E_e$

• Low-E e⁻ cannot travel across the shock

 $(\Delta < R_g; \Delta \sim Gyro radius of "thermal" protons)$

• Critical point: $\gamma_p \sim 100-1000 _ m_p/m_e$





$$\boldsymbol{\gamma}_{\rm min} \rightarrow \boldsymbol{\gamma}_{\rm p} \ (\sim m_{\rm p}/m_{\rm e})$$

- Stochastic accel. (2nd order)
- Two-stm instabilities ... Hoshino+ 92
- B-recn. ? ... Ramanova & Lovelace 92
- $\gamma_{p} \rightarrow \gamma_{max}$
- "Standard" shock accel. (1st order)

QHB: challenges to jet content

Sikora+ 94, Sikora & Madejski00



<u>Sync, SSC, ERC ++ ...?</u>

- "Seed" for the ERC process is UV photons reflected by the BLR. E_{diff} ~ 10 eV, L_{diff} ~ 10⁴⁶ erg/s
- Before the "blazar zone", fast /slow shells upscatter UV via the "bulk-Comptonization" to $E_{BC} \sim \Gamma_{BLK}^2 E_{diff} \sim 1 \text{ keV}$.

BC luminosity depends on the jet composition : $L_{BC} \propto (n_e/n_p) L_{jet}$

Swift J0746 ; search for BC peak

Watanabe +08 49 0.01 Swift J0746 48 Log: L_{BC} [erg/s] 47 $\mathrm{VeV}\left(\mathrm{keV}/\mathrm{cm}^{2}~\mathrm{s}~\mathrm{keV}\right)$ 46 ð 2-0-² Search for BC 45 44 43 0.05 0.10 0.50 1.00 5.0010.00 10 Log: kT [keV] channel energy (keV)

Negative detection, but stringent UL. (assuming black body-type emission).
 Expected position of BC: v_{BC} ≈ Γ_{BLK}² v_{BB} ⇔ 0.03 keV < kT < 0.3 keV
 L_{BC} < 3x10⁴⁵ erg/s ⇒ L_{e,cold} < 6x10⁴² erg/s
 L_{e,hot} / L_{e,cold} _ 300; Significant power carried by place

<u>Suzaku view of PKS 1510-089 (z=0.361)</u>



XISO PKS1510-089

Intensive monitoring over 3 days to confirm an excess emission suggested by BeppoSAX

Hard spectrum (r = 1.2) up to 50 keV, with positive detection of excess at kr ~ 0.2 keV



Highly variable, though underlying PL is stable (e.g., Celotti+ 07)

Expected BC luminosity; $L_{BC} \approx 2x10^{44} \text{ erg/s} \iff L_{exc} \approx 2.6x10^{44} \text{ erg/s}$

Soft X-ray excess can be naturally explained if $N_e/N_p \approx 10$.

<u>Suzaku ToO : 3C 454.3 (z=0.859)</u>



GLAST Launch: Fast Approaching!





- Expected launch date: 5/29. 2008
- Expose all sky every 3hrs
- More than 1000 blazars, mostly QHBs expected.
- International collb. between Suzaku/GLAST strongly awaited!

GLAST challenges to QHB: SED evolution



Most EGRET blazars were detected "only once" in its flaring state Sampling bias ... reality of blazar sequence?

- ex.3C279 : transition between "QHB-like" & "HBL-like" SEDs
 Cosmological evolution
 - Unification of HBL/LBL/QHB ++

Suzaku/GLAST Strategies: AO-3

We have submitted 2 GLAST-oriented proposals for Suzaku-AO3.

- 40 ksec x 11 QHBs (PI: JK, Tad, Gino, ++, on behalf of GLAST team)
- 200 ksec x 2 QHBs (PI: Greg++, on behalf of GLAST team)
- World-wide ground-based observations: already started



GLAST challenges to BLRG: non-blazars



- BLRG: mis-aligned blazar (i.e., both disk and jet visible)
- Suzaku reveals asymmetric Fe line, that may suggest R_{in} ~ 10 R_g
- Steep, variable component? Steep, variable component?
 - Many BLRGs (e.g., 3C111, 390.3, 382, 445 ++) will be detected by GLAST near future (Sambruna's talk)

<u>Summary</u>

I have reviewed recent observational highlights from Suzaku observations of blazars and y-loud QSOs

- Unprecedented sensitivity of Suzaku provides new challenges to the blazar physics in sub-pc scale jets.
 - HBL ... Physics of γ_{max}
 - : ultimate limit for the particle acceleration
 - QHB ... Physics of γ_{min}
 - : particle content, intrinsic electron spectrum
- Non-bias GLAST surveys, in collaboration with Suzaku, Swift and ground based observations are awaited for further break-through
 - BLAZAR monitoring important, of course !!! ③
 - BLRG ... Physics of disk-jet connection

Back-up slides

However... alternative model ?

Kataoka+ 07



More significant contribution of the SSC mimic the excess below 1keV.

- ⇒ We should conservatively take $L_{exc} \approx 2.6 \times 10^{44}$ erg/s as an UL.
- But why BC feature not visible?

Jet may still be in acceleration phase while traversing BLR? Need further study and a large # of samples.